Rights and Duties in the Indian Constitution

Class 11 MCQs Questions with Answers

Question 1.

Directive Principles are:

- (a) Justiciable
- (b) Not Justiciable
- (c) Both of them
- (d) None of the above

Answer: (b) Not Justiciable

Question 2.

By which amendment, Fundamental Duties were included in the Constitution?

- (a) 44th Amendment
- (b) 43rd Amendment
- (c) 42nd Amendment
- (d) 45th Amendment

Answer: (c) 42nd Amendment

Question 3.

Article 18 of the constitution deals with

- (a) right against exploitation
- (b) right to practice own religion
- (c) equality before law
- (d) abolition of titles

Answer: (d) abolition of titles

Question 4.

The part of the Indian Constitution that proclaims India to be a Welfare State is:

- (a) Part III
- (b) Part IV
- (c) Part VI
- (d) Part IX

Answer

Answer: (b) Part IV

Question 5.

It is a fundamental duty of every citizen to protect and improve

- (a) Women and children
- (b) Village Panchayat
- (c) Natural environment
- (d) National anthem

Answer: (c) Natural environment

Question 6.

Right to Liberty is mentioned in Articles:

- (a) 19 to 22
- (6) 14 to 18
- (c) 25 to 28
- (d) 23 to 24

Answer: (a) 19 to 22

Question 7.

The Fundamental Rights article that is enforceable during the period of emergency is:

- (a) Article 14
- (b) Article 20
- (c) Article 23
- (d) Article 29

Answer: (b) Article 20

Question 8.

Which of the following is not a Fundamental Right?

- (a) Right to Equality
- (b) Right to Property
- (c) Right to Freedom
- (d) Right Against Exploitation

Answer: (b) Right to Property

Question 9.

The Government of India introduced Bharat Ratna and Padam Shri awards under:

- (a) Article 14 of the constitution
- (b) Article 18 of the constitution
- (c) Article 25 of the constitution
- (d) Article 50 of the constitution

Answer

Answer: (b) Article 18 of the constitution

Question 10.

The government can put restrictions on fundamental rights but they should be

- (a) Reasonable
- (b) Illegal
- (c) Arbitrary
- (d) Compulsory

Answer: (a) Reasonable

Question 11.

The Indian constitution grants to its citizens:

- (a) Four fundamental rights
- (b) Five fundamental rights
- (c) Six fundamental rights
- (d) Seven fundamental rights

Answer: (c) Six fundamental rights

Question 12.

The constitution of a country provides the basis for

- (a) Punishment of criminals
- (b) Diplomatic relations with other countries
- (c) Relationship between citizens
- (d) Governance of the country

Answer: (d) Governance of the country